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National Productivity and Quality of Working Life Act

of 1975.

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### ABSTRACŤ

The Act was formulated to: (1) establish a National Center for Productivity and Quality of Working Life; (2) provide for a review of the activities of all Federal agencies including implementation of all Federal laws, regulations, and policies which impede the productive performance and efficiency of the American economy; (3) encourage joint labor, industry, and government efforts to improve national productivity and the character of working conditions; (4) establish a Federal policy with respect to continued productivity growth and improved utilization of human resources; and (5) for other purposes. The Act consists of the following areas: Title I--Findings, Purpose, Policy, and Definitions; Title II--National Center for Productivity and Quality of Working Life Established; Title III--Federal Agency Coordination and Liaison with Center; Title IV--Administrative Provisions; Title V--Evaluation by the Comptroller General; Title VI--Repeal and Transfer; and Title VII--Authorization of Appropriations. (EC)



Public Law 94-136 94th Congress, S. 2195 November 28, 1975

# An Act

To establish a National Center for Productivity and Quality of Working Life; to provide for a Teview of the activities of all Federal agencies including implementation of all Federal laws, regulations, and policies which impede the productive performance and efficiency of the American economy; to encourage joint labor, industry, and Government efforts to improve national productivity and the character of working conditions; to establish a Federal policy with respect to continued productivity growth and improved utilization of human resources in the United States; and for other purposes;

Bo it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Productivity and Quality of Working Life tivity and Act of 1975".

National Produc-Quality of Working Life Act of 1975. 15 USC 2401 note.

15 USC 2401.

### TITLE I-FINDINGS, PURPOSE, AND POLICY; **DEFINITIONS**

Sec. 101. The Congress finds that-

(1) the rate of productivity growth in the United States has

declined during four of the past six years;

(2) the decline in the rate of productivity growth has contributed to inflation, to economic stagnation, and to increasing unemployment;

(3) Since 1965, the rate of productivity growth of the United States has been consistently lower than that of many industrial nations in the world, adversely affecting the competitive position

nations in the world, adversely affecting the competitive position of the United States in world markets;

(4) growth in productivity of the economy of the United States is essential to the social and economic welfare of the American people, and to the health of the world economy;

(5) growth in the productivity of the Nation's economy is essential to maintain and increase employment, to stabilize the cost of living and to provide job security;

(6) mounting world and to provide above are and their corporation.

(6) mounting worldwide material shortages and their consequent inflationary results make increased efficiency in the utilization of these resources of urgent importance;

(7) sharing the fruits of productivity gains among labor, management, and owners may considerably influence productivity:

(8) the continued development of joint labor-management efforts to provide a healthy environment for collective bargaining can make a significant contribution to improve productivity and foster industrial peace;

9) factors affecting the growth of productivity in the economy include not only the status of technology and the techniques of management but also the role of the worker in the production process and the conditions of his working life;

(10) there is a national need to identify and encourage appropriate application of capital in sectors of American economic activity in order to improve productivity;

(11) there is a national need to identify and encourage appropriate application of technology in all sectors of American economic activity in order to improve productivity;

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(12) there is a national need to identify and encourage the development of social, economic, scientific, business, labor, and governmental contributions to improve productivity growth, and increased economic effectiveness in the public and private sectors of the United States; which objectives can best be accomplished through maximizing private sector and State and local development of such contributions;

(13) there is a national need to identify, study, and revise or eliminate the laws, regulations, policies, and procedures which adversely affect productivity growth and the efficient functioning of the economy;

(14) there is a national need to increase employment security through such activities as manpower planning, skill-training and retraining of workers, internal work force adjustments to avoid worker displacement, assistance to workers facing or experiencing displacement, and all other public and private programs which seek to minimize the human costs of productivity improvement, thereby diminishing resistance to workplace change and improving productivity growth;

(15) there is a national need to develop new technologies for

the more effective production of goods and services;

(16) there is a national need to encourage and support efforts by qualified institutions of higher learning to identify and inaugurate programs which will improve productivity;

(17) there is a national need to develop precise, standardized

measurements of productivity; and

(18) there is a national need to gather and disseminate information about methods and techniques to improve productivity.

### STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

Sec. 102. It is the purpose of this Act-

(1) to establish a national policy which will encourage productivity growth consistent with needs of the economy, the natural environment, and the needs, rights, and best interests of manage-

ment, the work force, and consumers; and

(2) to establish as an independent establishment of the executive branch a National Center for Productivity and Quality of Working Life to focus, coordinate, and promote efforts to improve the rate of productivity growth.

19 USC 2403.

Sec. 103. (a) The Congress, recognizing the profound impact of productivity on the interrelations of all components of the national economy, declares that it is the continuing policy of the Federal Government, in cooperation with State and local governments, to use all practicable means and measures, including financial and technical assistance, to stimulate a high rate of productivity growth.

(b) It is the continuing responsibility of the Federal Government to use all practicable means to improve and coordinate Federal plans, functions, programs, and resources to carry out the policy set forth

in this Act.

(c) The laws, rules, regulations, and policies of the United States shall be so interpreted as to give full force and effect to this policy.



75 USC 2404.

Sec. 104. For the purposes of this Act—
(1) the term "Center" means the National Center for Produc-

tivity and Quality of Working Life;
(2) the term "Board" means the Board of Directors of the

Center

(3) the terms "productivity growth" and "improved productivity" shall be interpreted to include, but not be limited to, improvements in technology, management techniques, and the quality of working life; and

(4) the term "quality of working life" shall be interpreted to mean the conditions of work relating to the role of the worker

in the production process.

## TITLE II—NATIONAL CENTER FOR PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY OF WORKING LIFE ESTABLISHED

Sec. 201. There is hereby established as an independent establish- 15 USC 2411. ment of the executive branch of the Government the National Center for Productivity and Quality of Working Life.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SEC. 202. (a) The Center shall have a Board of Directors, to be com- Membership. prised of not more than twenty-seven members, as follows:

15 USC 2412. (1) a Chairman, appointed by the President, by and with the

advice and consent of the Senate;

(2) the Secretary of the Treasury; (3) the Secretary of Commerce;

the Secretary of Labor;

(5) the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service:

(6) the Executive Director of the Center;

(7) not less than five members who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among qualified private individuals in manufacturing and service industries;

.(8) not less than five members who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among qualified private individuals from labor organizations;

(9) not less than two members who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among qualified individuals in State or local governments;

(10) not less than one member who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from

among the general public;

(11) not less than one member who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among qualified individuals associated with leading institutions of higher education; and

(12) such other qualified members from the public or private sectors whom the President may deem appropriate who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent

of the Senate. When unable to attend a meeting of the Board, a member appointed under clauses (2), (3), (4), and (5) shall appoint an appropriate

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alternate from such member's Department or agency to represent

such member at that meeting.

(b) (1) The members of the Board appointed under clauses (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), and any private sector members appointed pursuant to clause (12) of subsection (a) shall be appointed for a four-year term coterminous with the term of the President. Members other than members appointed under such clauses, with the exception of the Chairman, shall serve as long as such member is head of the department or agency represented on the Board. No person shall serve as an acting or temporary member in positions requiring Senate confirmation including that of Chairman, for a period in excess of three months.

(2) The President shall appoint a Chairman for a term of four years coterminous with the term of the President. In appointing a Chairman, the President may appoint an individual who is an officer of the United States. If that officer has been appointed to his current position, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or if such individual is the Vice President of the United States, such individual may be appointed chairman by the President without the requirement of confirmation by the Senate.

(c) Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall

be appointed for the remainder of that term.

(d) (1) Each member of the Board appointed under clauses (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), and any private sector members appointed pursuant to clause (12) of subsection (a) may be compensated at the daily rate provided for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, including traveltime, for each day such member is engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of the Board and shall be entitled to reimbursement for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the functions of the Board.

(2) Other members of the Board, with the exception of the Chairman, and the Executive Director of the Genter shall serve without additional compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in carrying out the functions of the Board.

(3) The Chairman shall be compensated as set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection, except if the Chairman holds some other position in the Federal Government such individual shall be compensated as set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(e) (1) The Chairman shall appoint an Executive Committee of the Board, not to exceed seven members, including the Executive Director of the Center.

(2) The Executive Committee of the Board shall meet at the call of the Chairman, but in no case less frequently than once every ninety days.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; DEPUTY DIRECTOR

15 USC 2413.

Term.

acancies.

Compensation,

travel expen-

5 USC 5332

note.

Scc. 203. (a) The Center shall have an Executive Director, who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of fitness to perform the duties and functions of the office. No person shall serve as acting or temporary Executive Director for a period in excess of three months.

(b) The Executive Director shall appoint a Deputy Director, who shall perform such functions as the Executive Director may prescribe.



15 USC 2414.

The Deputy Director shall act for and exercise the powers of the Executive Director during the absence or disability of the Executive

Director.

(c) The Executive Director shall be responsible for the exercise of all powers and the discharge of all duties of the Center. The Executive Director shall have authority over and control of all of the staff of the Center and their activities. The Executive Director shall maintain budgets and allocate available funds as appropriate in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(d) The Executive Director shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed that provided for Executive level IV under section 5315 of title 5 of the United States Code as determined by the President, and shall have no other employment, public or private, during the tenure

of his appointment.

### FUNCTIONS OF THE CENTER

SEC. 204. The Center shall-

(1) develop and establish, in consultation with the appropriate committees of the Congress and with the appropriate departments and agencies of the executive branch, a national policy for productivity growth in the public and private sectors of the United States consistent with the purposes of this Act;

(2) seek, stimulate, and encourage maximum active participa-

tion of-

(A) the private sector of the Nation's economy, including labor organizations, associations and confederations, business enterprises and associations, institutions of higher education, foundations and other philanthropic organizations and research centers and institutes; and

(B) the public sector of the Nation's economy, including Federal, State, and local governments and agencies thereof,

including institutions of higher education,

in efforts to improve the rate of productivity growth in all sectors

of the Nation's economy;

(3) seek, stimulate, and encourage maximum active participation of the public agencies and private organizations identified in clause (2) of this section through identification and encouragement of selected research and demonstration programs implemented by public agencies and qualified private organizations which will-

(A) increase the rate of productivity growth in the public and private sectors of the national economy through improved and innovative utilization of technological and

human resources; and

(B) develop, refine, and apply accurate and reliable measurement techniques to evaluate changes in productivity;

(4) to identify, study, and review-

(A) existing Federal, State, and local statutes, regulations, and fiscal policies which adversely affect productivity growth or the economic performance of the public and private sectors of the United States;

(B) incentives to encourage industry and labor initiatives in the development of methods, techniques, and systems for the improved utilization of technological and human

resources in the public and private sectors;



(C) existing and new programs, plans, and other methods, including advanced warning systems, retraining programs, retirement and separation programs, designed to counteract threats to job security which may result from efforts to improve productivity:

improve productivity;
(D) jointly, with the Civil Service Commission, the impact of Federal personnel policies, statutes, and regulations affecting the productivity of Federal agencies and the quality

of working life of Federal employees; and

(E) the need and feasibility of providing, directly to potential users, public or private, various Center services in return for payment to the Center, and methods by which charges for such services will be established;

Recommendations to President and Congress.

(5) recommend to the President, the Congress, the appropriate agencies and departments of the Federal Government, and State and local governments, any legislation, revisions of regulations, policies, practices, and procedures which result from the activities carried out under clause (4) of this section:

(6) encourage, support, and initiate efforts in the public or private sector specifically designed to improve cooperation between labor and management in the achievement of continued productivity growth: Provided, however, That no activities of the Center involving consideration of issues included in a specific labor-management agreement shall be undertaken without the consent and cooperation of the parties to that agreement;

(7) encourage departments and agencies of the Federal Government to initiate, stimulate, and support efforts in both the public and private sectors of the United States to improve the rate of

productivity growth;

(8) coordinate all activities referred to in subsection (7) of this section in order to eliminate interagency duplication of effort and cost, to insure that Center activities will not unnecessarily conflict of overlap with such other activities, and to maximize the effectiveness of all such Federal programs and activities;

(9) coordinate and consult with the departments and agencies of the Federal Government in the obligation and expenditure of funds for activities and projects in both the public and private

sectors to improve productivity growth;

(10) identify, develop, and support activities, programs, systems, and techniques, in the various departments and agencies of the Federal Government for measuring productivity growth

within such departments and agencies;

(11) collect and disseminate relevant information obtained by the Center or other public agencies, institutions of higher education, or private organizations engaged in projects under this Act, including information related to new or improved methods, systems, technological developments, equipment, and devices to improve and stimulate productivity growth, and to develop and implement a public information program designed to inform the public of the meaning and importance of productivity, and productivity growth;

(12) encourage and coordinate the efforts of State and local governments, and institutions of higher education, to improve

productivity;

(13) maintain liaison with organizations, both domestic and

foreign, involved in efforts to improve productivity

(14) determine the Nation's needs for productivity-related management and analytical skills and to encourage and facilitate the development of training programs in such skills; and

(15) study the effects of materials availability upon productivity growth.

POWERS

SEC. 205. In carrying out its functions, the Center is authorized— 15 USC 2415.

(1) to enter into contracts or other funding arrangements, or modifications thereof, in order to carry out the provisions of this

(2) to organize and conduct, directly by contract or other funding arrangements with other public agencies or private organizations, conferences, meetings, seminars, workshops, or other forums for the presentation and dissemination of relevant information generated or collected pursuant to the provisions of this Act;

(3) to make such studies and recommendations to the President and to Congress as may be necessary to carry out the functions of

the Center:

(4) to implement a program and secure necessary facilities for the collection, collation, analysis, and interpretation of data and information as required in order to carry out the public information functions under this Act; and

(5) to undertake such other studies, reviews, activities, and to make such recommendations and reports as may be required to

carry out the functions of the Center.

CONTRACTS AND OTHER FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS-CONDITIONS

SEC. 206. (a) No contracts or other funding arrangements may be 15 USC 2416. entered into under this Act unless-

(1) such contracts or other funding arrangements will be consistent with the policies and purposes of this Act and of potential

benefit to other users in the public or private sectors;

(2) provisions are made to evaluate the demonstration program and maintain improvement data, such evaluation either to be implemented by the participating parties in accordance with specifications established by the Center, or to be implemented by or on behalf of the Center; and

(3) the participating parties agree that all information relating to any innovation or achievement generated in the course of any Center-funded demonstration program shall be public

information.

(b) No contract or other funding arrangement shall be made or entered into pursuant to the provisions of this Act for a period of more than three years.

(c) Any non-Federal share of a project may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including, but not limited to, plant, equipment, or

services.

# CONTRACT AND OTHER FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS—CRITERIA

Sec. 207. (a) The Center shall prescribe by regulation, after con- 15 USC 2417. sultation with appropriate agencies and officials of Federal, State, and local governments, basic criteria for the participating parties

b) If the Center determines, on the basis of information available to it during any fiscal year, that a portion of the funds provided to a participating party for that fiscal year will not be required by the party or will become available by virtue of the application of regulations established by the Center to govern noncompliance by a participating party, that portion shall be available for reallocation under this section.

recommendations to President and Congress.



. (c) The Center shall by regulation prescribe the basic criteria for determination of noncompliance by participating parties including appropriate provisions for notice and hearing with respect to such determination.

ANNUAL REPORT

Report to
President and
Congress.
15 USC 2418

Sec. 208—(a) Not later than December 31 of each year, the Center shall report to the President and to the Congress on activities pursuant to the provision of this title during the preceding fiscal year; such reports shall include a detailed statement of all public and private funds received and expended together with such recommendations as the Center deems appropriate. Such report shall include an analysis of the extent to which each agency of the Federal Government which has significant responsibilities for assisting in the improvement of productivity is carrying out such responsibilities consistent with the provisions of this Act, including (A) an accounting of all funds expended or obligated by such agencies for activities and projects to which such expenditures or obligations have furthered the policies of the Center, and (C) the Center's recommendations on how these expenditures and obligations can be better coordinated to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

(b) Each report required to be submitted to the Congress by this Act shall be referred to the standing committee or committees having jurisdiction over any part of the subject matter of the report.

# TITLE III—FEDERAL AGENCY COORDINATION AND LIAISON WITH CENTER

15 USC 2431.

Sec. 301. (a) Each department, agency, and independent establishment of the Federal Government shall designate a qualified individual to serve as linison with the Center and to assist the Center in arrying out its functions pursuant to this Act.

(b) Each department, agency, and independent establishment of the Federal Government shall keep the Center currently informed of its programs, policies, and initiatives to improve productivity which relate to the responsibilities of the Center, and shall consult with the Center prior to the obligation or expenditure of funds for activities or projects to improve productivity growth.

(c) Each Federal department, agency, and independent establishment of the Federal-Government is authorized and directed to furnish or allow access to all relevant materials and information required by the Center to carry out its functions under this Act.

### INTERNAL REVIEW

15 USC 2432.

Sec. 302. Each department, agency, and independent establishment of the Federal Government, in coordination with the Center, shall study and review the promulgation and implementation of its statutory authority, policies, and regulations, and shall identify such statutes, policies, and regulations which adversely affect productivity growth in the public or private sectors of the United States, or those which impede the efficient functioning of the Nation's economy, and shall recommend to the President and the Congress, or implement where appropriate, alternative statutes, policies, and regulations which will contribute to the achievement of the purposes of this Act.



### SUPPORT OF EXTERNAL ACTIVITIES

SEC. 303. Each department, agency, and independent establishment 15 USC 2433. of the Federal Government, in coordination with the Center, shall, to the extent appropriate, make available to State and local governments, labor organizations, industry, public institutions, and other qualified organizations advice, information, and support, including financial and other assistance, designed to maintain, promote, and enhance sustained productivity growth in the public and private sectors of the United States.

### INTERNAL PRODUCTIVITY

Sec. 304. Each department, agency, and independent establishment 15 USC 2434 of the Federal Government shall identify, develop, initiate, and support appropriate programs, systems, procedures, policies, and techniques to improve the productivity of such departments and agencies, including the implementation, where desirable, of specific programs recommended, supported, or implemented by the Center.

### EFFECT ON PRIOR PROVISIONS

Sec. 305. Nothing in this title affects any specific statutory obliga: 15 USC 2435. tion of any Federal agency (1) to coordinate or consult with any other Federal or State agency or (2) to act, or to refrain from acting, contingent upon the recommendations or certification of any other Federal or State agency.

# TITLE IV-ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Sec. 401. The Executive Director is authorized to-

15 USC 2451.

(1) prescribe such regulations as are deemed necessary to carry

out the purposes of this Act;

(2) receive money and other property donated, bequeathed, or devised; or remitted in payment for services rendered, without condition or restriction other than that it be for the purposes of the Center;

(3) receive (and use, sell, or otherwise dispose of, in accordance with clause (2)) money or other property donated, bequeathed, or devised to the Center, except for such money and other propcrty which includes a condition that the Center use other funds of the Center for the purpose of the gift, in which case two-thirds of the members of the Board of the Center must approve such donations;

(4) appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act in accordance with the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating. 5 USC 5101

to classification and General Schedule pay rates;

(5) obtain the services of experts and consultants in accordance with the provisions of section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals not to exceed the maximum daily rate prescribed for GS-18 under section 5332 of title 5, United States

(6) accept and utilize the services of voluntary and noncompensated personnel and reimburse them for travel expenses, including per diem as authorized by section 5708 of title 5; United States Code:

5 USC 5332

et seq., 5331,



(7) utilize, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis the services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of any other depart-

10 -

ment or agency of the United States:

(8) establish one or more task forces to assist and advise the Center, composed of individuals who, by reason of experience, are qualified for such service. Each member of any such task force who is not an officer or employee of the Federal Government may receive an amount not to exceed the maximum daily rateprescribed for GS-18 under section 5832 of title 5, United States Code, for each day such individual is angaged in the actual performance of duties (including traveltime) as a member of such a task force. Members may be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties; and

(9) make advances, progress, and other payments deemed necessary under this Act without regard to the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (21 U.S.C. 520).

# TITLE V-EVALUATION BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL

15 USC 2461.

5 USC 5332

note.

Sec. 501. (a) The Comptroller General of the United States shall audit, review, and evaluate the implementation of the provisions of this Act by the Center.

Report to Congress.

(b) Not less than thirty months nor more than thirty-six months after the effective date of this Act, the Comptroller General shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report on his audit conducted pursuant to subsection (a), which shall contain, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Center's activities; (2) an evaluation of the effect of the activities of the Center on the efficiency, and effectiveness, of affected Federal agencies in carrying out their assigned functions and duties under this

Act; and

(3) recommendations concerning any legislation he deems necessary, and the reasons therefor, for improving the implementation of the objectives of this Act as set forth in section 102.

# TITLE VI—REPEAL AND TRANSFER

REPEAL OF PUBLIC LAWS 02-210 AND 03-311

15 USC 1026.

SEC. 601. Section 4 of Public Law 92-210, and Public Law 93-311, relating to the National Commission on Productivity and Work Quality, are repealed.

## TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS AND STAFF

15 USC 2401 note.

Sec. 602. (a) The functions and staff of the National Commission on Productivity and Work Quality are hereby transferred to the Center.

(b) All property, records, and contracts as are determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to be employed, held, or used primarily in connection with any function transferred by subsection (a) are transferred to the Center.



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# TITLE VII-AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 701. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act, not to exceed \$6,250,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976, and the subsequent transition period ending/September 30, 1976; not to exceed \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and not to exceed \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978. Funds appropriated for any fiscal year shall remain available for obligation until expended.

Approved November 28, 1975.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORT No. 94-540 (Comm. on Banking, Currency and Housing). HOUSE REPORT No. 94-340 (Comm. on Government Operations).

SENATE REPORT No. 94-335 (Comm. on Government Operations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 121 (1975):

Sept. 4, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 28, considered and passed House, amended.

Nov. 14, Senate concurred in House amendments.

